Name: $\qquad$

## Astronomy Part II Review Sun, Earth, Moon

1. A star's apparent movement through the night sky is caused by Earth's rotation. Identify the device that was used first to demonstrate that Earth rotates. $\qquad$
2. The entire constellation of Orion is visible in the night sky in January to an observer in New York State. State why this constellation is not visible in the night sky to this observer in June?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. State the solar time at location $D$ if the solar time at location $C$ is 6:00 a.m. Indicate a.m. or p.m. in your answer.

4. Time zones are based on Earth's $\qquad$ at rate of $\qquad$ per hour.
(rotation or revolution)

$$
\left(15^{\circ} \text { or } 1^{\circ}\right)
$$

5. Using the diagram to the right, what is the latitude of the observer? $\qquad$
6. As latitude increases, what happens to the altitude of Polaris?


Base your answers to questions 7 and 8 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of Earth science. The diagram represents a time-exposure photograph taken by aiming a camera at Polaris in the night sky and leaving the shutter open for a period of time to record star trails. The angular arcs (star trails) show the apparent motions of some stars.

7. Identify the motion of Earth that causes these stars to appear to move in a circular path.
8. Determine the number of hours it took to record the star trails labeled on the diagram.

The diagram below represents the elliptical orbit of a planet traveling around a star. The center of the star and the focal point represent the foci of the orbit.

9. Calculate the eccentricity of the ellipse to the nearest thousandth.

Base your answers to questions $\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{- 1 3}$ on the diagram below, which represents eight positions of the Moon in its orbit around Earth.

10. Identify by number the Moon's positions where a lunar eclipse and solar might be observed from Earth.

Lunar Eclipse: $\qquad$ Solar Eclipse: $\qquad$
11. Why do we not see lunar and solar eclipses every month?
12. Calculate the number of days from the Moon phase at position 1 to the Moon phase at position 5 as seen from Earth.
13. The photographs below show the changing appearance of the Moon as viewed from New York State during three consecutive Moon phases. In the space below each photograph, identify the number of the Moon position that matches each of these phases.

14. The same side of the Moon always faces Earth because the Moon's period of revolution
a. is longer than the Moon's period of rotation
b. equals the Moon's period of rotation
c. is longer than Earth's period of rotation
d. equals Earth's period of rotation

The table below shows tide data for a location on the north shore of Long Island, in New York State.
15. Based on these data, what is the most likely time of the next high tide?

| Day | Tide | Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tuesday | High Tide | 12:11 a.m. |
|  | Low Tide | $6: 23$ a.m. |
|  | High Tide | 12:36 p.m. |
|  | Low Tide | $6: 49$ p.m. |
| Wednesday | High Tide | 1:02 a.m. |
|  | Low Tide | 7:15 a.m. |
|  | High Tide | 1:27 p.m. |

16. Why does the Moon's gravity have a greater effect on Earth's ocean tides than the Sun's gravity?
a. The Sun is composed mostly of gases.
b. The Sun's gravity influences more planets.
c. The Moon has a greater mass.
d. The Moon is much closer to Earth.
17. On the diagram, identify the two positions on Earth with an $\mathbf{X}$, where the highest tides would occur.

(Not drawn to scale)

Base your answers to questions 18 - 21 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of Earth science. The diagram represents Earth in its orbit around the Sun and the Moon (M) in different positions in its orbit around Earth. Letters A through $D$ represent four positions of Earth in its orbit.

18. About how many degrees does the Earth move in its orbit around the Sun each day? $\qquad$
19. Explain how the gravitational attraction between the Sun and the Earth changes as Earth moves from position $B$ to $D$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
20. Identify the lettered position where Earth's velocity around the Sun is the greatest.
21. Which lettered position of the Earth has the Moon in the right position for a
a. Lunar eclipse? $\qquad$
b. Solar eclipse? $\qquad$

